

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

Heidi H. Thiess Heidi for Texas Campaign, Inc. 2951 Marina Bay Drive, # 130-238 League City, TX 77573

NOV 25 2014

RE: MUR 6662

Dear Ms. Thiess:

On October 17, 2012, the Federal Election Commission notified you and your campaign committee, Heidi for Texas Campaign, Inc., of a complaint alleging violations of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"). On November 18, 2014, the Commission found, on the basis of information in the complaint, and information provided by you, that there is no reason to believe you and Heidi for Texas Campaign, Inc. violated 52 U.S.C. § 30125(f)(1) (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 441i(f)(1)) and 11 C.F.R. § 300.71, 52 U.S.C. § 30120 (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 441d) and 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(a), and 52 U.S.C. § 30104(c) (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 434(c)). Accordingly, the Commission closed its file in this matter on November 18, 2014.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Statement of Policy Regarding Disclosure of Closed Enforcement and Related Files, 68 Fed. Reg. 70,426 (Dec. 18, 2003) and Statement of Policy Regarding Placing First General Counsel's Reports on the Public Record, 74 Fed. Reg. 66,132 (Dec. 14, 2009). The Factual and Legal Analysis, which explains the Commission's findings, is enclosed for your information.

If you have any questions, please contact Donald E. Campbell, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

BY:

Josef St. Jordan

General Counsel

Assistant General Counsel Complaints Examination and Legal Administration

Enclosure

Factual and Legal Analysis

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

1	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
2 3 4 5	RESPONDENTS: Heidi for Texas Campaign, Inc. Heidi Thiess MUR 6662
6 7 8 9	I. INTRODUCTION This matter was generated by a complaint alleging violations of the Federal Election
10	Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act") and Commission regulations by Heidi for Texas
11	Campaign, Inc., and Heidi Thiess ("Respondents"). It was scored as a low-rated matter under
12	the Enforcement Priority System, a system by which the Commission uses formal scoring criteria
13	as a basis to allocate its resources and decide which matters to pursue.
14	II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
15	A. Factual Background
16	In this matter, the Complainant alleges that the Committee funded communications in the
17	form of emails in behalf of several federal candidates, and alleges that the communications did
18	not include a proper disclaimer, in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30120 (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 441d).
19	Compl. at 2. The Complaint also alleges that the Committee failed to disclose related
20	contributions and expenditures to the Commission, in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30104(c)
21	(formerly 2 U.S.C. § 434(c)). Id. The Committee was the state committee of Heidi Thiess, 2012
22	candidate for representative of Texas' 24th state district. 1
23	Attached to the Complaint are copies of what are alleged to be "mass marketing emails

that were sent by an email service paid for by the Heidi Thiess campaign." Id. at 1, Ex. A, B.

The Texas Ethics Commission discloses two registrations affiliated with Heidi Thiess: as a candidate, disclosing "Political Expenditures from Personal Funds," http://www.ethics.state.tx.us/php/filer.php?acct=00067820; and as a political committee, Heidi for Texas Campaign, Inc., http://www.ethics.state.tx.us/php/filer.php?acct=00067916.

Geraldine Bentley is listed as treasurer in reports filed with the Texas Ethics Commission. The Texas Ethics Commission indicates that Thiess' political committee has been "dissolved."

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1 The Complainant avers that the emails contain "references to and electronically piggybacked 2 upon" Thiess' website, www.heidifortexas.com, which Complainant alleges was paid for by the 3 Thiess campaign. Id. at 1. Complainant alleges that these emails are in fact "political 4 communications" advocating in behalf of five federal candidates, and that they were distributed 5 to more than 500 email addresses in substantially similar form, "and therefore were regulated 6 communications." Id. 7 The alleged email communications in Exhibit A of the Complaint reference two events: a 8 voter registration drive sponsored by Thiess on April 7, 2012, and a "movie night" on April 8, 9 2012. Id., Ex. A. The communications include a list of several federal, state, and local 10 candidates expected to attend the April 7, 2012 voter drive. Id. The documents contain the 11 language "Copyright © 2012 Heidi for Texas, All rights reserved" along with the logo, 12 "MailChimp," a web-based email management service, see http://mailchimp.com/about. Id. Exhibit B of the Complaint contains several documents dated July 17, July 22, and July 30, 2012, 13 14 respectively, each containing a short article by Thiess, as well as a number of photos of various federal, state, and local candidates. Id., Ex. B. Accompanying the photos are statements from 15 Thiess, such as: "your vote counts," "come out and vote," and "get out your vote," as well as 16 17 listing "the candidates I am recommending for your vote." Id. Additional statements include: 18 "None of these candidates are connected to each other . . . and my recommendation of them is 19 not to be misconstrued as a slate. They are my own opinions " and "NO ONE has paid for my endorsement, nor offered influence in return for my support." Id., emphasis in original. At 20 21 the end of each document is the language, "All Rights Reserved. heidifortexas.com | political ad 22 paid for by Heidi for Texas Campaign," with the logo "Email Marketing by iContact." Id.

In response, Thiess states that the text in the email communications at issue reflected her

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- 1 "own opinions" and that the communications were "not directed or paid for by any candidate."
- Resp. at 1. Thiess contends that no express advocacy language was used in these emails, but
- 3 instead consisted of a "listing" of candidates she was personally voting for and who were
- 4 expected to appear at various events. *Id.* Thiess also states that she is not in violation of the
- 5 Act's disclaimer requirements because she is not registered with the Commission as a federal
- 6 candidate. Id. Lastly, Thiess maintains that she was not required to file an independent
- 7 expenditure report with the Commission because she did not reach the required \$1,000 filing
- 8 threshold. Id. at 2. Thiese contends that in July 2012, her state committee spent a total of \$47 in
- 9 email-related expenditures that mentioned the names of 21 individual candidates, amounting to
- 10 "a total of \$2.23 each," which she maintains "does not come close to any independent spending
- 11 limits."² *Id*.

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B. Legal Analysis

- 13 The Complaint alleges that Respondents funded communications in the form of emails, in
- behalf of several federal candidates, that did not include a proper disclaimer. The Act and
- 15 Commission regulations generally require certain public communications to include a disclaimer.
- 16 See 52 U.S.C. § 30120 (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 441d); 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(a). The Act and
- 17 Commission regulations further provide that a candidate for state or local office must use funds
- that "are subject to the limitations, prohibitions, and reporting requirements" of the Act to
- 19 finance a public communication that "refers to a clearly identified candidate for Federal office

Theiss' state committee reports do not disclose any payments for email-related services in July 2012. The Committee's filings show only two disbursements for "email" services in 2012: \$14.03 to "Google Apps" on April 3, 2012, and \$50.00 to "MailChimp.com" on April 18, 2012. See Texas Ethics Commission Correction Affidavit for Political Committees, 30 Days Before Election Report, dated October 16, 2012. Thiess' candidate filings, however, disclosed a \$47.00 disbursement on June 12, 2012 to "iContact" for "newsletter emailing account." See Texas Ethics Commission Correction Affidavit for Candidate/Officeholder, July Semiannual Report, dated October 16, 2012.

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- 1 (regardless of whether a candidate for State or local office is also mentioned or identified) and
- 2 that promotes or supports a candidate for that office, or attacks or opposes a candidate for that
- 3 office (regardless of whether the communication expressly advocates a vote for or against the
- 4 candidate)." 52 U.S.C. §§ 30125(f)(1), 30101(20)(A)(iii) (formerly 2 U.S.C. §§ 441i(f)(1)),
- 5 431(20)(A)(iii)); 11 C.F.R. § 300.71; see also 52 U.S.C. § 30125(f)(2) (formerly 2 U.S.C.
- 6 § 441i(f)(2)); 11 C.F.R. § 300.72 (excepting certain communications from this restriction).

A "public communication" is a "communication by means of any broadcast, cable, or satellite communication, newspaper, magazine, or any outdoor advertising facility, mass mailing

9 or telephone bank to the general public, or any other form of general public political

10 advertising." 52 U.S.C. § 30101(22) (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 431(22)); 11 C.F.R. § 100.26. The

11 Commission has stated that the definition of public communication "does not encompass email

12 communications." See Internet Communications, 71 Fed. Reg. 18596, 18597-601 (April 12,

13 2006). Commission regulations provide, for example, that a "mass mailing" does not include

"electronic mail." 11 C.F.R. § 100.27. And, the Commission has stated that email is not a form

of "general public political advertising" because "there is virtually no cost associated with

sending email communications." Internet Communications, 71 Fed. Reg. at 18597.

Accordingly, the emails at issue here are not "public communications," did not require disclaimers, and did not need to be financed with funds subject to the limitations, prohibitions, and reporting requirements of the Act. Therefore, the Commission finds no reason to believe that Respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30125(f)(1) (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 441i(f)(1)) and 11 C.F.R. § 300.71, or 52 U.S.C. § 30120 (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 441d) and 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(a).

Commission regulations do require disclaimers to be placed on "electronic mail of more than 500 substantially similar communications when sent by a political committee." 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(a)(1) (emphasis added). There is no available information to suggest that Heidi for Texas is a federal political committee.

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1 The Complaint further alleges that Respondents should have filed an independent 2 expenditure report with the Commission, but failed to do so, in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30104(c) 3 (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 434(c)). The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure by a 4 person for a communication expressly advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified 5 candidate that is not made in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the request or 6 suggestion of, a candidate, a candidate's authorized committee, or their agents, or a political party committee or its agents. 11 C.F.R. § 100.16.⁴ Every person that is not a political 7 8 committee, and that makes independent expenditures aggregating in excess of \$250 with respect 9 to a given election in a calendar year, is required to file a verified statement or report on FEC Form 5. 11 C.F.R. § 109.10(b); see also 52 U.S.C. § 30104(c) (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 434(c)). 10 11 Content of the emails notwithstanding, the available information indicates any costs 12 associated with the emails at issue were not in excess of the applicable reporting threshold. In the Response, Thiess provides an invoice that specifically rebuts the Complainant's allegation 13 that the Committee spent over \$250 on the emails. This assertion is further reflected in the 14 Committee's reports filed with the Texas Ethics Commission. Accordingly, the Commission 15 16 finds no reason to believe that the Respondents violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(c) (formerly 2 U.S.C. 17 § 434(c)).

The definition of "person" includes "an individual, partnership, committee, association, corporation, labor organization, or any other organization or group of persons." 52 U.S.C. § 30101(11) (formerly 2 U.S.C. § 431(11)).